

CITY OF SALMON ARM

BYLAW NO. 4654

**A bylaw to amend "City of Salmon Arm Official Community Plan
Bylaw No. 4000"**

The Council of the City of Salmon Arm, in open meeting assembled, enacts as follows:

1. "City of Salmon Arm Official Community Plan Bylaw No. 4000" is hereby amended to include Section 8.5 as shown on Schedule A:

2. SEVERABILITY

If any part, section, sub-section, clause of this bylaw for any reason is held to be invalid by the decisions of a Court of competent jurisdiction, the invalid portion shall be severed and the decisions that it is invalid shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of this bylaw.

3. ENACTMENT

Any enactment referred to herein is a reference to an enactment of British Columbia and regulations thereto as amended, revised, consolidated or replaced from time to time.

4. EFFECTIVE DATE

This bylaw shall come into full force and effect upon adoption of same.

5. CITATION

This bylaw may be cited as "**City of Salmon Arm Official Community Plan Amendment Bylaw No. 4654**".

READ A FIRST TIME THIS DAY OF 2024

READ A SECOND TIME THIS DAY OF 2024

READ A THIRD TIME THIS DAY OF 2024

ADOPTED BY COUNCIL THIS DAY OF 2024

MAYOR

CORPORATE OFFICER

Schedule "A"

8.5 Infill Residential Development Permit Area

Designation

Pursuant to Section 488(1)(f) of the *Local Government Act*, all land within the Low, Medium and High Density Residential designated areas shown on Map A-1 Land Use, is designated "Infill Residential Development Permit Area" and shall require a Development Permit for cases where three (3) or four (4) detached dwelling units are proposed to be developed on a single parcel where permitted by the Zoning Bylaw.

Objectives

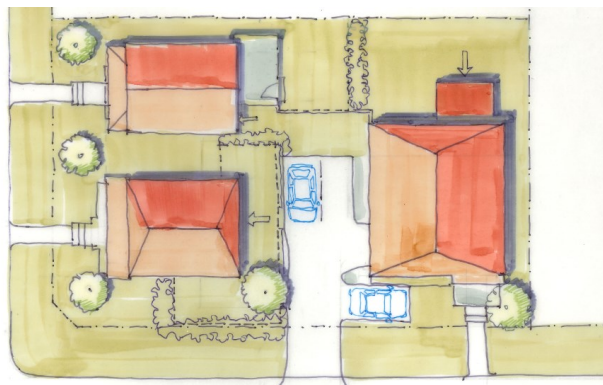
- 8.5.1 To positively contribute to and integrate quality higher density ground-oriented housing within the context, scale and fabric of the streetscape in mainly large-lot residential neighbourhoods.
- 8.5.2 To secure well-considered landscaping and site planning that provides quality private outdoor living space for each dwelling unit; provides a clear transition between the private and public realm; and protects and preserves mature trees.
- 8.5.3 To ensure that building design including massing, cladding materials and window placement are well considered and contribute positively to the neighbourhood without unduly compromising the privacy of adjacent dwelling units and properties.
- 8.5.4 To secure clearly identified and accessible pedestrian and emergency services access to all dwelling units as well as the provision of adequate servicing, on-site parking and safe vehicle access from the public road.

Submission Requirements

For required drawing submissions, see s. 8.4.5 of the OCP. This Infill Residential Development Permit Area shall have the same requirements.

Streetscape and Site Concept Guidelines

- 8.5.5 Respect and be generally consistent with the area streetscape by considering surrounding building heights, scale, and setbacks - despite build-out limits allowed by



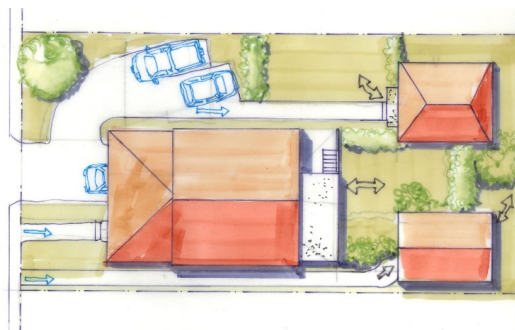
zoning. For example, limit significant height differences between proposed and existing development by stepping down dwelling massing to reflect the scale of surrounding homes.

8.5.6 Overall design should respond to site characteristics; for example, taking advantage of views, topography and solar/wind orientation. Consider the location of adjacent pedestrian/trail/cycling networks.

8.5.7 Individual dwellings must not comprise of identical repeated designs; instead, they should be distinct in massing with some variation of unit size and façade design - all while achieving cohesion on the overall parcel.

8.5.8 Infill dwellings should improve upon and reflect the attributes of adjacent homes (e.g.: roof styles, porches, entrance features, materials). Where a neighbourhood may contain neglected properties, the development should set an improved standard for infill going forward.

8.5.9 Individual dwelling units should face and have entrances oriented to and visible from a fronting street wherever possible. In the case of parcels with flanking or double frontages, building design should also address these streets through the orientation of entries and windows.



Landscape and Site Plan and Guidelines

8.5.10 Design the site and locate buildings so as to protect mature trees, where possible; and, if trees cannot be protected or if there are no trees, ensure that adequate space will protect root systems and allow shade trees to reach mature size.

8.5.11 Consider landscaping strategically, for example: to frame building entrances; soften edges; screen parking and waste bins; break up long building elevations; enhance privacy; and manage snow and storm water storage.

8.5.12 Maximize permeable surfaces across the entire parcel. Developments with extensive nonporous concrete, asphalt, and solid roofs will not be supported.

8.5.13 Use low fencing, gates, landscaping and a modest change in grade to define transitions from the public right of way to the private realm.

8.5.14 Link unit entrances to public sidewalks and parking via an accessible path of a minimum 1.2 metres width, and be adequately illuminated for pedestrian safety but not cast nuisance light into other dwellings and yards (see figure 8.5).

8.5.15 Design and delineate a semi-private sheltered or recessed transition space at the front door of each dwelling unit. Carefully consider unit way-finding to minimize confusion for visitors (or emergency services).

8.5.16 Design each dwelling unit to have direct access to its own designated private outdoor amenity space that maximizes sun and daylight and can be used year-round.

8.5.17 Maximize the privacy of units on site and on neighbouring properties by minimizing “overlook” and direct sight lines between dwellings through strategies such as:

- off-set window locations in facing walls;
- consider dormers or clerestory windows for light;
- use of landscaping or screening;
- locate doors and patios to minimize potential noise and nuisance between units; and
- setback, angle or articulate facades where windows may compromise privacy.



Figure 8.5
Down-lights & signs at
access path to units

Building Design Guidelines

8.5.19 Ensure that each building is unique, but the development remains cohesive, sharing an architectural style, proportions, and material palette.

8.5.20 Consider focal points at entrances, generous glazing, porches and other architectural features to emphasize the ground floor as the highest design priority.

8.5.21 Avoid blank monolithic walls by incorporating windows and articulating the façade with well-proportioned recesses/projections, reinforced by building material changes and with two or at most three durable, quality exterior cladding materials. Vinyl siding is discouraged.

Servicing, Access and Parking Guidelines

8.5.22 Ensure that vehicle access is via one shared driveway off the secondary street or lane, where available, and minimize the impact of headlights shining into unit windows. Where vehicle access is only available via the primary street, provide for safe access/egress, eliminating the need for vehicles to back onto the public road (see figure 8.5).

8.5.23 Ensure that on-site parking is integrated in one common area or structure, preferably enclosed or screened, to eliminate the need to access parking and garages within individual units.

8.5.24 Minimize internal vehicle circulation. Where it is necessary, consider that it may serve as additional shared amenity space using strategies such as quality permeable materials (e.g. interlocking, permeable pavers), providing useable gathering and playing areas (and not large, monolithic paved areas).

8.5.25 Ensure the common utility and water service location is protected and remains accessible for service providers.

- 8.5.26 Ensure the site provides for combined solid waste pick-up/bin storage that is enclosed or otherwise screened from view.